



## Discrete Random Variables (Sheet 2)

**Q1.**

In a game, a player can score 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4 points each time the game is played.

The random variable  $S$ , representing the player's score, has the following probability distribution where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are constants.

$s$	0	1	2	3	4
$P(S = s)$	$a$	$b$	$c$	0.1	0.15

The probability of scoring less than 2 points is twice the probability of scoring at least 2 points.

Each game played is independent of previous games played.

John plays the game twice and adds the two scores together to get a total.

Calculate the probability that the total is 6 points.

**(Total for question = 6 marks)**

**Q2.**

The discrete random variable  $D$  has the following probability distribution

$d$	10	20	30	40	50
$P(D = d)$	$\frac{k}{10}$	$\frac{k}{20}$	$\frac{k}{30}$	$\frac{k}{40}$	$\frac{k}{50}$

where  $k$  is a constant.

(a) Show that the value of  $k$  is  $\frac{600}{137}$

(2)

The random variables  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  are independent and each have the same distribution as  $D$ .

(b) Find  $P(D_1 + D_2 = 80)$

Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

(3)

A single observation of  $D$  is made.

The value obtained,  $d$ , is the common difference of an arithmetic sequence.

The first 4 terms of this arithmetic sequence are the angles, measured in degrees, of quadrilateral  $Q$

(c) Find the exact probability that the smallest angle of  $Q$  is more than  $50^\circ$

(5)

**(Total for question = 10 marks)**

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Q3.

The discrete random variable  $X$  has probability distribution

$x$	-4	-2	1	3	5
$P(X=x)$	0.4	$p$	0.05	0.15	$p$

(a) Show that  $p = 0.2$

(2)

Find

(b)  $E(X)$

(2)

(c)  $F(0)$

(1)

(d)  $P(3X + 2 > 5)$

(2)

Given that  $\text{Var}(X) = 13.35$

(e) find the possible values of  $a$  such that  $\text{Var}(aX + 3) = 53.4$

(2)

(Total 9 marks)

Q4.

A biased spinner can only land on one of the numbers 1, 2, 3 or 4. The random variable  $X$  represents the number that the spinner lands on after a single spin and  $P(X=r) = P(X=r+2)$  for  $r = 1, 2$

Given that  $P(X=2) = 0.35$

(a) find the complete probability distribution of  $X$ .

(2)

Ambroh spins the spinner 60 times.

(b) Find the probability that more than half of the spins land on the number 4

Give your answer to 3 significant figures.

(3)

The random variable  $Y = \frac{12}{X}$

(c) Find  $P(Y - X \leq 4)$

(3)

(Total for question = 8 marks)



Q5.

The discrete random variable  $X$  has the following probability distribution

$x$	$a$	$b$	$c$
$P(X = x)$	$\log_{36} a$	$\log_{36} b$	$\log_{36} c$

where

- $a, b$  and  $c$  are distinct integers ( $a < b < c$ )
- all the probabilities are greater than zero

(a) Find

- the value of  $a$
- the value of  $b$
- the value of  $c$

Show your working clearly.

(5)

The independent random variables  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  each have the same distribution as  $X$

(b) Find  $P(X_1 = X_2)$

(2)

(Total for question = 7 marks)