

Averages and Spread

Q1, (Edexcel 6683, Jan 2008, Q2)

(a)	mean is $\frac{2757}{12}, = 229.75$	AWRT 230	M1, A1
	sd is $\sqrt{\frac{724961}{12} - (229.75)^2}, = 87.34045$	AWRT 87.3	M1, A1
		[Accept $s =$ AWRT 91.2]	
(b)	Ordered list is: 125, 160, 169, 171, 175, 186, 210, 243, 250, 258, 390, 420		
	$Q_2 = \frac{1}{2}(186 + 210) = 198$		B1
	$Q_1 = \frac{1}{2}(169 + 171) = 170$		B1
	$Q_3 = \frac{1}{2}(250 + 258) = 254$		B1
(c)	$Q_3 + 1.5(Q_3 - Q_1) = 254 + 1.5(254 - 170), = 380$	Accept AWRT (370-392)	M1, A1
	Patients $F$ (420) and $B$ (390) are outliers.		B1ft B1ft
			(4)

Q2, (AQA SS1B, Jan 2007, Q1)

(a)	Mean ( $\bar{x}$ ) = 39.3 to 39.4	B1		AWFW (39.35)
	Standard Deviation ( $s_n, s_{n-1}$ ) = 12.3 to 12.7	B2	3	AWFW (12.358 or 12.679)
	If <b>neither</b> correct <b>but</b> working shown, then			$\sum x = 787 \quad \sum x^2 = 34023$
	Mean ( $\bar{x}$ ) = $\frac{\sum x}{20}$	(M1)		Used
(b)	Median = 42	B2		CAO
	Median = 41.5 or 39 or 40	(B1)		CAO
	Interquartile Range = 55 - 31 = 24	B2	4	CAO; allow B1 for identification of 31 and 55; B0 if method shown is incorrect
	Interquartile Range = 21 to 27	(B1)		AWFW
(c)(i)	<b>Mode:</b> eg Does not exist If exists, must be > 60 or 58 All / too many different values Sparse data	B1		OE
(ii)	<b>Range:</b> eg <b>Maximum value</b> is unknown / > 60 or 58	B1	2	OE; accept 'slowest' but not 'smallest'
	<b>Total</b>		<b>9</b>	

**Q3, (Edexcel 6683, Jan 2012, Q4)**

(a)	60		B1	(1)
(b)	Q <sub>1</sub> = 46 Q <sub>2</sub> = 56 Q <sub>3</sub> = 64		B1 B1 B1	(3)
(c)	mean = 55.48.... or $\frac{2497}{45}$	awrt 55.5	B1	
	sd = $\sqrt{\frac{143369}{45} - \left(\frac{2497}{45}\right)^2}$		M1	
	= 10.342... (s = 10.459..)	anything which rounds to 10.3 (or s = 10.5)	A1	(3)

**Q4, (OCR 4732, Jun 2006, Q7)**

7(i)			Correct (149.5)	With 150	Tot = <u>2000</u>
	Midpoints attempted $\geq 2$ classes	M1			
	$\sum xf / 100$ or $\sum xf / \sum f$ attempted $\geq 2$ terms x within class, not class width	M1			
	Mean = 27.2 (to 3 sfs) (not 27.25) art 27.2 from fully correct wking	A1	2720.5/100	2725/100	Allow Ms
	$\sum x^2 f$ or $\sum (x - \bar{x})^2 f$ $\geq 2$ terms $\sqrt{(\sum x^2 f / 100 - \bar{x}^2)}$ or $\sqrt{((\sum x - \bar{x})^2 f / 100)}$ or $\sqrt{\sum f}$	M1			& poss As
	fully corr method, not $\sqrt{\text{neg}}$	M1	27.2	27.25	
	= 40.5 to 41.1 (3 sfs)	A1	240702.25	242050	
			40.82	40.96	
			allow class widths for 2nd M1 only		
(ii)	Recog LQ in 1 <sup>st</sup> class & UQ in 3 <sup>rd</sup> class	B1			
	<u>Graph:</u> Attempt 25(.25) <sup>th</sup> value				
	<u>Interp:</u> LQ = 3.0 to 4.3	M1			both nec'y
	Attempt 75(.75) <sup>th</sup> value				
	UQ = 27 to 29	M1			
	Subtract	M1			dep B1 or M1
	IQR = 23 or 24 or 25	A1	4		integer. dep M2
(iii)(a)	Increase	B1	1		
(b)	Increase	B1	1		
(c)	No change	B1	1		Ignore "probably" etc
<b>Total</b>			<b>13</b>		

**Q5, (AQA SS1B, Jan 2008, Q6a-bi)**

<b>(a)(i)</b>	$x: 0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \ 7 \ 8 \ 9$ $F: 30 \ 109 \ 208 \ 276 \ 336 \ 360 \ 371 \ 377 \ 379 \ 380$			
	Median ( $\approx 190.5^{\text{th}}$ ) = 2	B2		CAO; B0 if shown method incorrect
	Interquartile range ( $\approx 285.75^{\text{th}} - \approx 95.25^{\text{th}}$ ) = 4 - 1 = 3	B2	4	CAO; B0 if shown method incorrect B1 for identification of 4 and 1
	If neither is correct but $F$ attempted and matched correctly with $\geq 5$ $x$ -values	(M1) (A1)		Allow for median = $1 + \frac{x}{99}$
<b>(ii)</b>	Mean ( $\bar{x}$ ) = 2.56 to 2.57 (2.5 to 2.6)	B2 (B1)		AWFW (2.56316) AWFW $\sum fx = 974$ and $\sum fx^2 = 3546$
	Standard Deviation ( $s_n, s_{n-1}$ ) = 1.66 to 1.67 (1.6 to 1.7)	B2 (B1)	4	AWFW (1.66187) AWFW (1.66406)
	If neither is correct but $\sum fx$ attempted and result divided by 380	(M1) (M1)		
<b>(b)(i)</b>	Average: Same/similar/greater in 2004/05	B1 dep		OE; dep on 2 and 2.5 to 2.6
	Spread: Similar/greater in 2004/05	B1 dep	2	OE; dep on 3 and 1.6 to 1.7

**Q6, (AQA SS1B, Jun 2011, Q1)**

(a)(i)	Mode = <b>253</b>	B1	1	CAO
(ii)	Median = <b>252</b>	B1		CAO
	Upper quartile = <b>253</b>	B1		CAO; either May be implied by IQR = 3
	Lower quartile = <b>250</b>			
	Interquartile range = <b>3</b>	B1	3	CAO; do not award if <b>seen</b> to be not based on 253 and 250
(b)(i)	Range = 271 – 227 = <b>44</b>	B1	1	CAO; do not award if <b>seen</b> to be not based on 271 and 227
(ii)	Mean, $\bar{x} = \mathbf{251 \text{ to } 251.4}$ <i>Award B1 if divisor <b>seen</b> not to be 85 but answer in range</i>	B2		AWFW $\sum fx = 21352$ $\bar{x} = 251.2$
	<b>Note:</b> If B0 then can award M1 for attempt at $\sum fx \div 85$ <b>seen</b>			<i>Ignore notation and condone incorrect midpoints (eg upper or lower limits used)</i>
	Standard deviation, $s$ or $\sigma = \mathbf{4.21 \text{ to } 4.28}$ <i>Award B1 if divisor <b>seen</b> not to be 84 or 85 but answer in range</i>	B2	4	AWFW $\sum fx^2 = 5365134$ $\sigma = 4.217$ $s = 4.242$
(c)	Interquartile range (IQR)	B1		Named
	Not affected by unknown/large/small/extreme/outlying/227 & 271 values	Bdep1	2	Or equivalent Dependent on previous B1 Only negative comments on other measures $\Rightarrow$ Bdep0
	<b>OR</b>			<i>More than one named <math>\Rightarrow</math> B0 Bdep0</i> <i>Range <math>\Rightarrow</math> B0 Bdep0</i>
	Standard deviation ( $s$ or $\sigma$ )	(B1)		Named
	Uses all data values	(Bdep1)		Or equivalent Dependent on previous (B1) Only negative comments on other measures $\Rightarrow$ Bdep0
<b>Total</b>			<b>11</b>	